EMERGENCY CARE FOR CONGENITAL ADRENAL HYPERPLASIA

Please also read our Ambulance leaflet

PATIENT NAME ..........................................................................................................

PATIENT HOME ...........................................................................................................

ADDRESS ....................................................................................................................

POST CODE ................................................................................................................

DATE OF BIRTH ...........................................................................................................

HOSPITAL NUMBER .....................................................................................................

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

The above patient has a rare genetic disorder congenital adrenal hyperplasia and is under the care of the endocrine team at :-……………………………………………………………………………………..

Please contact the endocrine team on telephone: - …………………………………………………….

He/she must be seen by a medical physician IMMEDIATELY. Time in a waiting room or triage situation is INAPPROPRIATE.

The patient is on replacement steroids and is at risk of a life threatening adrenal crisis if not treated quickly. A crisis will occur when there is an electrolyte imbalance with febrile illness, fluid depletion from vomiting and diarrhoea, burns, serious illness and injury. Signs of an impending crisis can include, weakness, dizziness, floppiness, failure to respond, nausea and vomiting, hypotension, hypoglycaemia, pallor, and clammy sweating.

1. INSERT IV CANNULA

2. URGENT BLOOD TESTS REQUIRED
   - Basic metabolic panel including: - sodium, potassium, chloride, and bicarbonate, urea, glucose, creatinine and calcium.
   - Cortisol and 17OHP to get idea of current status.
   - Check capillary blood glucose level and perform any other appropriate tests (e.g. urine culture).

3. TREATMENT
   STAT: Solu-cortef injection IV or IM, if NOT already given by the parent or paramedic
   Doses are as follows:-
   
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Age range (years)</th>
<th>Dose (mg)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>0 – 1</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 – 5</td>
<td>50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Over 5</td>
<td>100</td>
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</tbody>
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4. IV FLUIDS:
   1. Commence IV fluids Infusion of 0.45% sodium chloride, 5% glucose at maintenance rate (extra if patient is dehydrated). Add potassium depending on electrolyte balance.
   2. Commence hydrocortisone infusion in 50 ml 0.9% sodium chloride via syringe pump.
   3. Monitor for at least twelve hours before discharge.
   4. IMPORTANT If blood glucose is <2.5 mmol/l give bolus of 2ml/kg of 10% glucose.
   5. If patient is drowsy, hypotensive and peripherally shut down with poor capillary return give:- 20ml/kg of 0.9% sodium chloride stat.

IF IN ANY DOUBT ABOUT THIS PATIENT’S MANAGEMENT, PLEASE CONTACT PATIENTS ENDOCRINE TEAM ON ….............................................................